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On the Cover: CRCA 2017 Trade Show & Seminars Photos: Clockwise to the left: Paul Scelsi, Air Vent; Matt Dupuis, SRI; Big Rock Supply and Garlock Equipment; trade show exhibitors and attendees



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CRCA Leadership Message – Leadership Means Being There



George Patterson, 2017 CRCA President (CRCA Photo)

RCA's long history of leadership comes from a legacy of innovation, long standing relationships amongst suppliers and contractors, consultants and others as well as a reputation for being there to keep conversations about the industry aimed at solutions for all. CRCA's leaders participate locally, regionally, nationally and internationally. Why would a local trade association work on national and international issues?

In 1969, CRCA's leadership worked with the Construction Specifications Institute (CSI) Chicago Chapter to update its specification manual for built-up roofing. The manual included drawings, specs and text about details for a best practice guide. The National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA) Roofing Manuals eventually replaced the CRCA Documents as CRCA Members participate in the NRCA's Manual Development Task Force, adding to their knowledge while sharing their own.

CRCA Past-President and Industry Affairs Chair, Tony Roque, stated, "We work nationally to get things done locally and vice-versa." CRCA's Industry Affairs Committee works with NRCA in partnership to bring the field perspective to the code development process at the International Code Council. "ICC's voting membership has no idea what we believe or want unless we talk to them directly." That's why CRCA is active nationally.

"It also helps to get things done locally by bringing a national perspective to the issues we work together to resolve," states CRCA President George Patterson.

CRCA's Vice President and Membership Co–Chair, Troy Wormley adds, "Participating nationally, at the State and local levels means we're ahead of the issues, trying to work on common sense solutions for the building owner and manager." The recent Chicago Code Memorandum is part of that list of solutions CRCA has worked on diligently. "The City of Chicago asked CRCA's Industry Affairs Committee to bring forward solutions to issues that help the building owners in the City in various ways," adds Wormley.

CRCA's Past-President Rod Petrick, travelling with others from NRCA's Technical Operations Committee, went to Germany for the largest roofing convention in the world. "The technologies that I saw were amazing and we're talking to the manufacturers about how we can get the new products here in the USA and Chicago," stated Petrick. "If we don't ask, we don't get what we need that ultimately can help the building owner and manager."

At the end of the day all agree, "It's what we get done together that makes CRCA the very best of the best." Keep an eye on www.CRCA.org to learn more about the resources the Industry Affairs Committee and others have built. There's a lot there!

The Purpose of Form I-9, What's Required, and Why It's Important to Maintain Accurate Records

By Cathy Lindfors

he Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification assists employers in verifying individuals who are authorized to work in the United States. Employers must complete a Form I-9 for every new employee hired after November 6, 1986. An individual is deemed as hired upon the commencement of employment. The job applicants need not complete Form I-9. Employers must complete a Form I-9 for all newly hired employees to verify their identity and authorization to work in the United States.

Employee's Responsibility

New employees must complete Section 1 of a Form I-9 at or before the time of hire, but no later than the close of business on the first day of employment. The employee is held responsible for the accuracy of the information provided via their signature.

Someone may assist the employee if the employee cannot complete Section 1 without assistance or if the employee needs the Form I-9 translated. The preparer or translator must read the form to the employee, assist the employee in completing Section 1, and have the employee sign or mark the form in the appropriate places. The preparer or translator must then complete the Preparer/Translator Certification block on the Form I-9. The employee must be given Form I-9 by the employer and asked to provide either one original document on List A or one original document on each of Lists B and C (see www.CRCA.org for lists) within three business days of the date employment began. The employee can choose which documents they want to present from the List of Acceptable Documents.

Employer's Responsibility

Employers are responsible for ensuring the completion of the entire Form I-9, including ensuring that the employee completes Section 1 in full when the employee begins to work. The employer should immediately examine all documents establishing each employee's identity and eligibility to work. Employers must accept any

document(s) (from the List of Acceptable Documents) presented by the individual, which reasonably appear to be genuine and to relate to the person presenting them. Employers may not specify which document(s) an employee must present. However, employers who participate in the USCIS E-Verify Program may only accept List B documents that have a photograph.

Employers may also require that employees make any necessary corrections to ensure proper completion of the form. Employers need not receive any documentation to substantiate the employee-provided information in Section 1. Additionally, and pursuant to § 7 of the Privacy Act (8 U.S.C.A. § 552a), providing a Social Security number on the Form I-9 is voluntary for all employees unless the employer participates in the E-Verify Program, which requires an employee's Social Security number for employment eligibility verification.

The employer must complete Section 2 of the form no later than the close of business on the new employee's third day of employment. If an individual is hired for less than three business days, then Sections 1 and 2 of the Form I-9 must be fully completed at the time of the hire, when the employee begins work. To ensure consistency and accuracy, employers should review the information provided in Section 1 against the documents produced by the employee for Section 2. If there is a discrepancy between the two sections, the employee should be given an opportunity to make necessary corrections.

Employers are not required to make copies of the documents that are produced for Section 2. However, employers may attach photocopies of documentation submitted to satisfy Form I-9 requirements to the employee's Form I-9. This must be consistently applied to every employee, without regard to citizenship or national origin, should employers choose to make and attach photocopies.

In certain circumstances, employers must accept a receipt in lieu of a List A, List B, or a List C document if one is presented by an employee. Examples of receipts and other documents that serve as proof of temporary employment eligibility that employers can accept are the following:

- All employees may provide receipts for the application of a replacement document where the document was lost, stolen, or destroyed, which can be a List A, List B, or List C document. The employee must present the actual document for which the receipt was issued within 90 days from the date of hire, or for reverification, within 90 days from the date employment authorization expires.
- Lawful permanent residents may provide the arrival portion of a Form I-94 or I-94A containing a temporary I-551 stamp and photograph as a receipt for a List A document. When the stamp expires, or if the stamp has no expiration, one year from date of issue the employee must present the actual Form I-551 (Permanent Resident Card, or green card).
- Refugees may provide the departure portion of Form I-94 or I-94A with an unexpired refugee admission stamp, as a receipt for a List A document. Within 90 days from the date of hire or for reverification, the employee must present an unexpired Employment Authorization Document (Form I-766), or combination of a valid List B document and an unrestricted Social Security card.

A receipt indicating that an individual has applied for initial work authorization or for an extension of expiring work authorization is **not** acceptable proof of employment eligibility on the Form I-9. Additionally, receipts are never acceptable if employment lasts less than three business days.

Reverifying Employment Authorization for Current Employees

Employers must reverify the employment eligibility no later than when an employee's work authorization expires. For reverification, Section 3 of the Form I-9 may be used; however, if Section 3 has already been used for a previous reverification or update, a new Form I-9 must be used. If a new form is used, the employee's name should be written in Section 1, Section 3 must be completed, and employers must retain the new form with the original

Retaining Forms

Employers must retain completed Forms I-9 for all employees for three years from the date of hire or one year after the date employment is terminated, whichever is later. These forms may be retained in paper, microfilm, microfiche, or electronically.

To store Form I-9 electronically, employers may use any electronic recordkeeping, attestation, and retention system that complies with the DHS standards, which includes most off-the-shelf computer programs and commercial automated data processing systems. However, the system must not be subject to any agreement that would restrict access to and use of it by an agency of the United States.

Note: The form must be available for inspection by authorized U.S. government officials. Employers will be provided with three business days' notice prior to an inspection of the employers' retained Forms I-9.

Paper Retention

The Form I-9 can be signed and stored in paper format. However, employers must reproduce a complete, blank Form I-9 and ensure that the employee receives the instructions for completing the form. When copying or printing the paper Form I-9, employers may reproduce the two-sided form by making either double-sided or single-sided copies. Employers may retain completed paper forms on-site or at an off-site storage facility for the required retention period, as long as the employer is able to present the Form I-9 within three days of an audit request from the DHS, the Office of Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices, or the Department of Labor officers.

Retaining Copies of Documentation Provided by **Employee**

Employers may choose to copy or scan documents presented by an employee, which the employer must retain with the employee's Form I-9. However, retaining copies of documentation does not relieve the employer from the requirement to fully complete Section 2 of the Form I-9. If an employer chooses to retain copies of employee documentation, the employer may not just do so for employees of certain national origins or citizenship statuses, or the employer may be in violation of antidiscrimination laws.

Penalties

The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is authorized to enforce the employment eligibility verification requirements. Employers who fail to properly complete, retain, and/or make available for inspections Forms I-9 may incur civil penalties between \$216 and \$2,156 for each employee for which the form was incorrect.

Knowingly Hire

Employers who knowingly hired unauthorized aliens or knowingly continue to employ aliens who have become unauthorized to work in the United States may be

ordered to cease and desist from such activity and pay the following for each unauthorized alien:

- First Offense: Between \$539 and \$4,313.
- Second Offense: Between \$4,313 and \$10.781.
- **Subsequent Offenses:** Between \$6,469 and \$21,563.

The DHS will consider an employer to have **knowingly hired** an unauthorized alien if the employer uses a contract, subcontract, or exchange, which is entered into, renegotiated, or extended to obtain the labor of an alien and knows the alien is not authorized to work in the United States.

Liability is also imposed when an employer uses a contract or subcontract — renegotiated or extended — to obtain the labor of an alien and knew the alien was not authorized to work in the United States.

Criminal Penalties

Criminal penalties of up to \$3,000 in fines and imprisonment for up to six months are possible when a pattern or practice of knowingly employing unauthorized workers is demonstrated. People who use fraudulent identification or employment eligibility documents or documents that were lawfully issued to another person, or those who make a false statement or attestation for purposes of satisfying the employment eligibility verification requirements may be fined, imprisoned for up to five years, or both.

Document Fraud

If a DHS investigation reveals that an individual has knowingly committed or participated in acts relating to document fraud, the DHS may take action. The DHS will issue a *Notice of Intent to Fine* when it intends to impose penalties and persons who receive this notice may request a hearing before an administrative law judge. If the DHS does not receive a request for a hearing within 30 days, it will impose the penalty and issue a Final Order, which is final and cannot be appealed.

Individuals found by the DHS or an administrative law judge to have violated § 274C of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) may be ordered to:

- Cease and desist from such behavior.
- Pay a civil penalty as follows:
 - **First Offense:** Between \$445 and \$3,563 for each fraudulent document that is the subject of the violation.

 Subsequent Offenses: Between
 \$3,563 and \$8,908 for each fraudulent document that is the subject of the violation.

Good Faith Defense

If an employer can demonstrate that they have, in good faith, complied with the Form I-9 requirements, then the employer has established a good faith defense with respect to a charge of knowingly hiring an unauthorized alien, unless the government can show that the employer had actual knowledge of the unauthorized status of the employee.

A good faith attempt to comply with the paperwork requirements of the law may be adequate notwithstanding a technical or procedural failure to comply, unless the employer has failed to correct the violation within 10 days after notice from the DHS, or the employer is engaging in a pattern or practice of violations.

Cathy Lindfors is a Human Resources Consultant for Connor & Gallagher OneSource. She brings over 25 years of HR experience and an expertise in the areas of labor law, consulting and compliance. Connor & Gallagher OneSource (CGO) as founded in 1997 and serves mid-sized businesses in the Chicago area, assisting with their Risk Management, Employee Benefits, HR Solutions, Payroll and Retirement Planning. Contact Rob Gaylord (rgaylord@gocgo.com) or Cathy Lindfors (infogocgo.com) for more information.



Spring Safety Updates

By CRCA Staff



(OSHA image)

Prepare now for the May 8-12 National Safety Stand Down. For the 4th year in a row, The National Fall Prevention Stand-Down raises fall hazard awareness across the country to stop fall fatalities and injuries. Fatalities caused by falls from elevation continue to be a leading cause of death for construction employees, accounting for 350 of the 937 construction fatalities recorded in 2015. OSHA remind all that **those deaths** were preventable.

What is a Safety Stand-Down?

A Safety Stand-Down is a voluntary event for employers to talk directly to employees about safety. Any workplace can hold a stand-down by taking a break to focus on "Fall Hazards" and reinforcing the importance of "Fall Prevention". It's an opportunity for employers to have a conversation with employees about hazards, protective methods, and the company's safety policies and goals. It can also be an opportunity for employees to talk to management about fall hazards they see.

Who Can Participate?

Anyone who wants to prevent falls in the workplace can participate in the Stand-Down. In past years, participants included commercial construction companies of all sizes, residential construction contractors, sub- and independent contractors, highway construction companies, general industry employers, the U.S. Military, other government participants, unions, employer's trade associations, institutes, employee interest organizations, and safety equipment manufacturers.

Partners

OSHA is partnering with key groups to assist with this effort, including the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), the National Occupational Research Agenda (NORA), OSHA approved State Plans, State consultation programs, the Center for Construction Research and Training (CPWR), the American Society of Safety Engineers (ASSE), the National Safety Council, the National Construction Safety Executives (NCSE), the U.S. Air Force, and the OSHA Training Institute (OTI) Education Centers.

Suggestions to Prepare for a Successful Stand-Down

- Try to start early. Designate a coordinator to organize the stand-down. If you have multiple work sites, identify the team that will lead the stand-down at each site.
- 2. Think about asking your subcontractors, owner, architects, engineers, or others associated with your project to participate in the stand-down.

- **3.** Consider reviewing your fall prevention program. This will help provide a more effective stand-down.
 - a. What types of falls could happen:
 - Falls from ladders
 - Falls from a roof
 - Falls from a scaffold
 - Falls down stairs
 - Falls from a structural steel
 - Falls through a floor or roof opening
 - Falls through a fragile roof surface
 - b. What needs improvement? Is your program meeting its goals? Are you experiencing fatalities, injuries, or near misses? Are employees aware of the company's fall protection procedures?
 - c. What training have you provided to your employees? Does it need revision?
 - d. What equipment have you provided to your employees? Is better equipment available?
- 4. Develop presentations or activities that will meet your needs. Decide what information will be best for your workplace and employees. The meeting should provide information to employees about hazards, protective methods, and the company's safety policies, goals and expectations. Hands-on exercises (a worksite walkaround, equipment checks, etc.) can increase retention.
- 5. Decide when to hold the stand-down and how long it will last. Decide if the stand-down will take place over a break, a lunch period, or some other time.
- **6. Promote the stand-down.** Try to make it interesting to employees. Some employers find that serving snacks increases participation.
- **7. Hold your stand-down.** Try to make it positive and interactive. Let employees talk about their experiences and encourage them to make suggestions.

8. Follow up. If you learned something that could improve your fall prevention program, consider making changes.

NEW OSHA Silica Rule DELAYED to Sept. 23, 2017

OSHA has a new rule on silica exposures in the construction industry coming in June. The CRCA and Chicagoland Roofing Council both have helped NRCA fund research on Silica exposures for the roofing industry. The research is underway, according to NRCA's Tom Shanahan.

The new rule from OSHA would require engineering controls to keep workers from breathing silica dust. The rule is comprised of two standards, one for Construction and one for General Industry and Maritime.

OSHA estimates that the rule will save over 600 lives and prevent more than 900 new cases of silicosis each year, once its effects are fully realized. The Final Rule is projected to provide net benefits of about \$7.7 billion, annually.

About 2.3 million workers are exposed to respirable crystalline silica in their workplaces. This includes two million construction workers who drill, cut, crush, or grind silica-containing materials such as concrete and stone, and 300,000 workers in general industry operations such as brick manufacturing, foundries, and hydraulic fracturing, also known as fracking. Responsible employers have been protecting workers from harmful exposure to respirable crystalline silica for years, using widely-available equipment that controls dust with water or a vacuum system.

Key Provisions include the reduction in the permissible exposure limit (PEL) for respirable crystalline silica to 50 micrograms per cubic meter of air, averaged over an 8-hour shift.

The new regulation requires employers to: use engineering controls (such as water or ventilation) to limit worker exposure to the PEL; provide respirators when engineering controls cannot adequately limit exposure; limit worker access to high exposure areas; develop a written exposure control plan, offer medical exams to highly exposed workers, and train workers on silica risks and how to limit exposures.

It provides medical exams to monitor highly exposed workers and gives them information about their lung health and flexibility to help employers — especially small businesses — protect workers from silica exposure.

Both standards contained in the final rule took effect on June 23, 2016, after which industries have one to five years to comply with most requirements. Construction effective date was June 23, 2017, one year after the effective date – but was extended to September 23, 2017.

OSHA Issues Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs in Construction

On December 1, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) issued Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs in Construction to help industry employers develop proactive programs to keep their workplaces safe. The published recommendations are advisory only and do not create any new legal obligations or alter existing obligations created by OSHA standards or regulations.

The publication encourages contractors to create a safety and health program using several simple steps that include:

• Training workers on how to identify and control hazards

- Inspecting the job site with workers to identify problems with equipment and materials
- Developing responses to possible emergency scenarios in advance

The recommended practices account for new materials, equipment, and techniques; more diversity among workers; more temporary and contract workers; and an increased risk for occupational musculoskeletal disorders resulting from a sedentary lifestyle and aging workers.

From the extension announcement, "OSHA expects employers in the construction industry to continue to take steps either to come into compliance with the new permissible exposure limit, or to implement specific dust controls for certain operations as provided in Table 1 of the standard."

According to OSHA, construction employers should also continue to prepare to implement the standard's other requirements, including exposure assessment, medical surveillance, and employee training.

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CRCA Research in Action -**New Concrete Decks and Moisture**

By Matt Dupuis, PhD, PE

n the past decade, issues with moisture intrusion into low slope roof systems from concrete roof decks has become a major concern in the roofing industry. The problem we have is that concrete as a construction material arrives at the job site with a large water content $(10 - 15 \text{ lbs.} / \text{ft}^3)$. This amount of water is a typical range, and will depend on things like water-to-cement ratio, aggregate type, admixtures and placement method, among others. Of this water, portions of it will either be chemically hydrated into the solid concrete, evaporate from the surface, or remain free moisture to migrate. Our concern in the roofing industry is the free moisture available to migrate. Making this worse, is that this free moisture is almost always latent; remaining hidden below the surface of the concrete roof deck.

Ultimately, the problem comes to a head when someone has to decide when the concrete roof deck is ready to receive a roof system. In typical scenarios, recently, this has been when the General Contractor demands the Roofing Contractor perform. So, what can the roofing contractor do to ensure the concrete is dry enough for a roof?

To check the concrete moisture, historically, a person could use an electronic moisture meter, the mat test (ASTM D4263 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride). All of these methods can and normally will give a false indication that the concrete is dry. The problem is the moisture below the surface of the concrete, even when the surface looks and feels dry.

There is one test method, for determining the moisture inside the concrete roof deck, that has shown some promise. It is the use ASTM F-2170 probes (ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes). These probes are drilled into the concrete deck and assess the moisture inside the slab, not at the surface. The flooring industry has been successfully using these probes for decades now. However, these probes and their returned readings are designed for interior use; basically at room temperature. Adapting them for use on roof decks, outdoors, in all weather, is not a simple task.

So this has left the roofing industry in a conundrum. When is it appropriate to place a roof system of a new concrete roof deck? This situation has led to numerous roof failures and legal actions by any and all involved parties.

With this problem in mind, the roofing industry began a research project in 2016 to begin to answer the question about concrete moisture and roof installation. The project sponsors include The National Roofing Contractors Association, The Chicago Roofing Contractors Association, The Canadian Roofing Contractors Association, GAF Materials Corp and Soprema. The research project is ongoing and will continue through at least 2017. The work that has been done to date can be divided into Phases. These Phases are as follows

Phase 1

Construction of test concrete roof slabs and preparation for instrumentation of temperature and humidity, at depth. These slabs are located at SRI Consultants facility in Wisconsin. The slabs were configured for measuring and examining numerous variables. These variables, were:

- 1. Aggregate type (Regular weight vs. Light weight)
- 2. Surface finish (Magnesium float vs Hard steel trowel)
- 3. Rewetting (Outdoor vs Lab)
- 4. Drying Capacity (Steel form deck vs Stripped form)
- 5. Moisture Level in slabs over time
- 6. Time required for instruments to measure moisture levels

Large scale outdoor slabs were prepared and instrumented for a factorial experiment to evaluate variables 1-5 and compared against slabs prepared and maintained in lab environment. Numerous smaller concrete specimens were prepared for weekly installation of instrumentation to measure variables 5-6; these specimens will be both outdoors and in a lab environment. In total, over 200 instruments were utilized with these slabs over the course of this phase. In addition to the temperature and humidity

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measurements of the slabs, an onsite weather station recorded concurrent data during this phase.



Photo 1. A large general contractor was utilized to provide concrete slab assembly, placement and finishing. These slabs are the exterior slabs, exposed to the full weather at SRI Consultants facility



Photo 2. An overall view of the exterior slabs and smaller sample pans, exposed to the full weather, at SRI Consultants facility Wisconsin. SRI Photo

Phase 2

R&D Services Inc. in Tennessee, provided laboratory measurement of hygrothermal material properties for the concrete utilized in Phase 1. The measured concrete values were made specifically at 28 and 60 days. Hygrothermal numbers for such "green" concrete, to our knowledge, has not been done by others. These hygrothermal material numbers were utilized in Phase 3 of the work.



Photo 3. Specimens of the light weight structural concrete and regular weight concrete utilized to make both the slabs and specimens in Photos 1 and 2. These specimens were utilized for ASTM E96 vapor transmission testing. SRI Photo

Phase 3

This material data was entered into the commercially available WUFI Pro software. WUFI Pro is a finite element heat and moisture transport modeling program. This type of software can simulate the moisture movement to, from and within our concrete roof decks; and then after we roof over it. If properly used and calibrated, these models are very powerful tools to analyze the moisture problems we are seeing in industry.

Using the WUFI software, SRI Consultants, with the assistance of justSmartSolutions, the software vendor's United States partner, prepared and calibrated hygrothermal simulations. These simulations were expanded to a matrix of roof systems and locations in North America.

To date hundreds of WUFI simulations of moisture levels of concrete decks and roofs exposed to simulated weather have been completed. The simulations answered several questions and even raised new ones.

This research effort is ongoing and continues. The work that will be done in 2017 will involve validation of the modeling by utilization of more full scale concrete decks, with actual roofs installed over them and appropriate instrumentation, at SRI's research facility.

Based on the results of these hundreds of simulations, it became apparent that the use of a vapor retarder in northern climates kept the roofing materials at reasonable moisture levels year round. This occurred with both regular weight concrete decks and light weight structural concrete decks. Therefore, given the currently available research data and observations from it, this researcher is recommending that: **Unless** the Designer of Record approves in writing otherwise, a vapor retarder of less than 0.01 perm is necessary over <u>new</u> concrete roof decks. Note this level of vapor retarder (0.01 perm) is relatively strong and some commonly used vapor retarders may not meet this level. As the work progresses more updates and more specific recommendations may become available. 🎇

Matt Dupuis, PE, PhD, is a principal at SRI, Inc., Middleton WI. Matt can be reached at MDupuis@sri-engineering.com

IECC 2018 and Technical Issue Update

Presented by Mark Graham, NRCA **Written by CRCA Staff**



Mark Graham

ark Graham, NRCA's Vice President. Technical Services. presented at the 2017 CRCA Trade Show & Seminars on the changes to the 2015 version that results in the 2018 International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) and various technical issues in the roofing industry.

IECC & IBC 2018

Graham mentioned that the NRCA and other groups including CRCA participated in the 2015 Group A Code Development Cycle. In Group A are the International Building Code (IBC) Fire Safety (F)S, IBC-General (G), the International Existing Building Code (IEBC), the International Plumbing Code (IPC), and the International Mechanical Code, (IMC). The hearings took place:

- Committee Hearings Memphis, TN April 2015
- Public Comment Hearing Long Beach, CA -September 2015
- Online Governmental Consensus Vote Fall, 2015

Then, during 2016, the Group B Code Development cycle took place. In the Group B were the IECC, IBC-Structural (S) chapters, the International Residential Code (IRC), and the International Fire Code (IFC). The schedule for Cycle B was:

- Committee Hearings Louisville, KY April 2016
- Public Comment Hearing Kansas City, MO -October 2016
- Online Governmental Consensus Vote
- Publications is estimated to be Fall of 2017
- Adoptions likely beginning in 2018

The roofing related changes in the 2018 International Energy Code include:

- Some editorial/format changes
- No changes in R-Values requirements
- No changes in roof reflectivity requirements

No changes in air barrier requirements

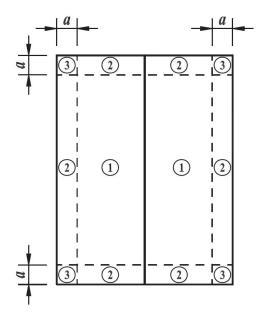
In the ASHRAE 90.1-13 to ASHRAE 90.1-16, a change took place that allowed single-ply membrane roof systems to be a deemed-to-comply air retarder.

In the IBC Structural section, the ASCE 7-16 was adopted into the 2018 version of the Building Code, Chapter 16. In the ASCE 7-16, public review draft, the following items change:

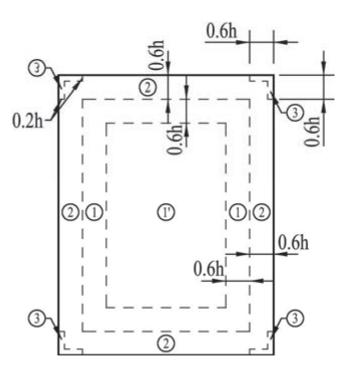
- Revised basic wind speed map
- Changes (and new) pressure coefficients
- Revised perimeter and corner zones

As a result of the new ASCE 7-16 standard in the IBC, expect higher field, perimeter and corner uplift pressures to come as the IBC 2018 is adopted.

As a result, the fastening pattern for roof heights \leq 60, gable roofs ≤ 7 degrees, will change the fastening pattern as shown below.



ASCE 7-10



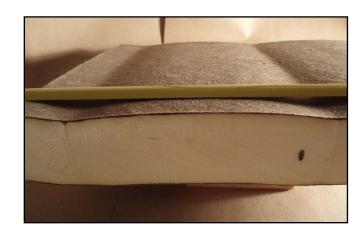
ASCE 7-16 (Draft)

The point about this is that proper wind design which is oftentimes avoided - is getting even more complicated. Check out NRCA's Roof Wind Designer Program at NRCA.net for help.

Polyisocyanurate (Polyiso) Insulation

Polyiso discussions included the issues with knit lines, thickness and dimensional stability concerns.

As to knit lines in the insulation, it has been noticed that there seems to be variability appearing in the insulation thicknesses. The ASTM Standard for Polyiso currently allows a 1/8" variance in thickness.



Knit lines close up. (NRCA Photo)



Knit lines on roof. (NRCA Photo)

NRCA's interim recommendations for handling Polyiso. knit line, thickness and dimensional stability concerns are:

- Measure polyiso. thickness upon delivery
- Look for knit lines and board unevenness
- Contact manufacturer and NRCA if you see any issues

NRCA has been testing products for compliance with the test standard results as listed on product data sheets. At times, shingles manufactured to meet certain specs as outlined in standards such as ASTM D3462 may or may not meet the required values. In Sept., 2016, NRCA recommended that users of asphalt shingles should consult with manufacturers and suppliers regarding specific products' compliance with ASTM D3462.

Manufacturers Installation Instructions

Section 1506, Materials, of the 2015 International Building Code states:

1506.1 Scope. The requirements set forth in this section shall apply to the application of roof-covering materials specified herein. Roof coverings shall be applied in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturers' installation instructions. Installation of roof coverings shall comply with the applicable provisions of Section 1507. [IBC 1506.1, 2015]

What this means is that it is basically the law, where this code is adopted, to install roofing products to the manufacturers' installation instructions.

The manufacturers have invested heavily in research and development to invent many products. While many advertisements may say, 'this product is easy to install', it's not that simple. Some manufacturers' installation instructions for roofing systems can be 200+ pages. That's a lot to know.

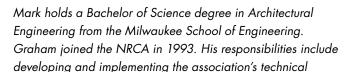
As a result of the new code language stating that the manufacturer's installation instructions shall be used, NRCA has formed a Manufacturers Spec Review Task Force. The task force will review the manufacturers' installation instructions.

In the meantime, NRCA's interim recommendations are:

- Access and file the manufacturers' application instructions
- Review the instructions
- Exclude not applicable information
- Manufacturers' instructions should be the basis for quality assurance and quality control
- Contact NRCA with any questions

Mark S. Graham is the Vice President, **Technical Services for the National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA) in Rosemont,** IL, 60018

Email: mgraham@nrca.net 🛣



positions, responding to inquiries for technical assistance, serving as the association's liaison with outside organizations, and developing and maintaining the association's technical publications, including The NRCA Roofing Manual. Graham is also a contributing editor for NRCA's Professional Roofing magazine.

He is a recipient of ASTM International's William C. Cullen Award for distinguished contributions and leadership to the field of roofing and waterproofing. He is also a recipient of the Midwest Roofing Contractor Association's James Q. McCawley Award for outstanding service and dedication to the roofing industry. Also, he is a recipient of the North/East Roofing Contractor Association's Clarence J. Carr Roofing Industry Award for his service, contribution, and dedication to the roofing industry.

Graham is an active member of ASTM International and serves on the executive committee of Committee D08-Roofing and Waterproofing. He is also an active member of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers Inc., International Code Council, and National Fire Protection Association.



CRCA TODAY /// Spring 2017

Spring 2017 \\\ CRCA TODAY

Overview of Building Envelope Projects at ORNL

Presented by Andre Desjarlais, Oak Ridge National Laboratory's Director of Building Envelope Programs

Compiled by CRCA Staff



Andre Desjarlais

ndre Desjarlais
has presented
at the Chicago
Roofing Contractors
Association's Trade Show &
Seminars for over 10 years.
Rod Petrick, CRCA's Event CoChairman states "We have been
very pleased to have attracted

such talent to CRCA each January. This year, we ordered weather suitable for a person from Knoxville, TN!" Desjarlais shared what's going on at the USA's basic research facility, the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) and the Building Envelope Research that is conducted by its staff, sponsored by both government and industry.

Research Projects

The ORNL is currently researching:

- Web-Based Tools that estimates energy savings associated with air tightness
- Cost savings with cool roofs in northern climates
- Online Tools that defines the hygrothermal risk associated with a building envelope selection

Air Leakage Calculator

The objective of the project is to create an easy-to-use online tool using the simulation results of the best-in-class building energy simulation tool, EnergyPlus, and the whole building airflow simulation tool CONTAM. The Online calculator estimates the potential energy and cost savings from improvements in airtightness of buildings with a goal of further increasing market penetration of air barriers.

CONTAM (1) is a project of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, (NIST). The CONTAM program is a multizone indoor air quality and ventilation analysis computer program designed to help determine:

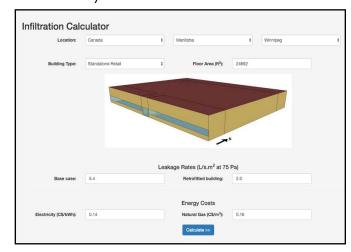
- (a) Airflows: infiltration, exfiltration, and roomto-room airflows in building systems driven by mechanical means, wind pressures acting on the exterior of the building, and buoyancy effects induced by the indoor and outdoor air temperature difference.
- (b) Contaminant concentrations: the dispersal of airborne contaminants transported by these airflows; transformed by a variety of processes including chemical and radio-chemical transformation, absorption and desorption to building materials, filtration, and deposition to building surfaces, etc.; and generated by a variety of source mechanisms, and/or
- (c) Personal exposure: the predictions of exposure of occupants to airborne contaminants for eventual risk assessment.

CONTAM can be useful in a variety of applications. Its ability to calculate building airflow rates and relative pressures between zones of the building is useful for assessing the adequacy of ventilation rates in a building, for determining the variation in ventilation rates over time, for determining the distribution of ventilation air within a building, and for estimating the impact of envelope air-tightening efforts on infiltration rates and associated energy implications. The program has also been used extensively for the design and analysis of smoke management systems. The prediction of contaminant concentrations can be used to determine the indoor air quality performance of buildings before they are constructed and occupied, to investigate the impacts of various design decisions related to ventilation systems and building material selection, to evaluate indoor air quality control technologies, and to assess the indoor air quality performance of existing buildings. Predicted contaminant concentrations can also be used to estimate personal exposure based on occupancy patterns.

The US Department of Energy (DOE) Commercial Prototype Building is run through a 'calculations flow'. Maximum HVAC/ventilation airflow rates based on EnergyPlus, to show building envelope airtightness, while understanding its building details and weather expected where the structure is located. The CONTAM adds the HVAC/ventilation airflow rates. Then, the EnergyPlus simulation puts in the hourly infiltration rates from CONTAM to build the energy use and cost as a function of the building's air tightness. The user specifies the city, building type, size, before and after retrofit airtightness, and energy rates in the area to result in the potential energy cost savings of a tight building envelope.

Why build a tool to research air infiltration?

Research has shown that in 2010, infiltration was responsible for four quads of space conditions primary energy use in both the commercial and residential occupancies. Infiltration accounted for greater energy losses than any other component of the building envelope including fenestration/windows. Infiltration is responsible for over 4% of all the energy used in USA. The research shows that the payback for the addition of air barrier systems would have a payback that is much less than five years.



(ORNL Image Web Tools)

The calculator uses inputs that are straight forward. The analysis covers 52 US Cities, five Canada and China Cities. The cities were selected to give a representative sampling of climate zones. The user can select a city with similar climate to one of the sample cities.

The DOE commercial building prototype represent about 80% of new construction. Moreover, these prototypes cover 16 commercial building types in 17 climate locations. The first phase in the development of the calculator covers three prototype building models: standalone retail, medium office, and mid-rise

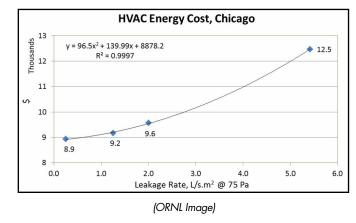
apartment. Models that represent typical commercial buildings in Canada and China are not available in the public domain; therefore, the DOE prototypes are also used in these two countries.

The air leakage calculations have been performed on a building whose size is defined by the DOE commercial prototype building models. However, the energy and monetary savings associated with improved air tightness was calculated on a per unit floor area basis.

To determine the annual savings of a particular building, the actual floor area can be input into this window in lieu of the default floor area from the prototype building.

The tool will interpolate between the baseline air leakage rates 6.2 L/s×m² (1.22 CFM/ft²) and 0.25 L/s×m² (0.049 CFM/ft²) at 75 Pa. No extrapolation is allowed.

The chart below illustrates preliminary results of a building where the calculator has been used to demonstrate HVAC energy cost for a prototype standalone retail building in Chicago.



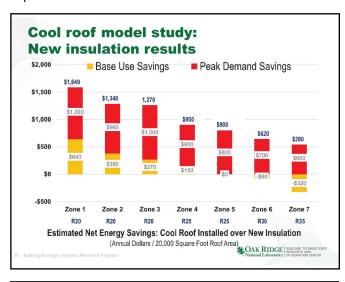
Cool Roofs and Cost Savings in Northern Cities

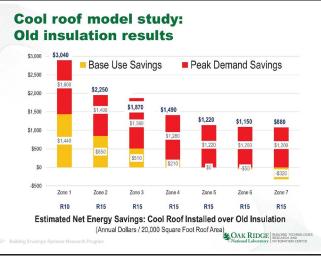
The purpose of this study is to see if lighter colored roofs in northern climates bring quantifiable energy savings to buildings. One way to analyze this concept is by looking at peak energy demand. In some cities, peak energy demand times mean a premium price for the energy. Not all cities have peak energy demand surcharges.

In some cities, peak demand surcharges can be over half of the typical commercial electric bill. It makes sense, for those who live in cities that have such charges, to try and drive their demand for energy into time periods where there is not so much demand for energy.

Part of this discussion is whether or not it makes sense to have a cool roof in a northern climate. The peak demand concept means customers are charged a premium for energy used during times when everyone is using energy. According to ORNL, peak demand happens in both Phoenix and Minneapolis during the summer months.

The study used two construction conditions and insulation levels at International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) 2012 mandated levels. For Minneapolis, that's zone 6. When installed on a commercial occupancy, low sloped roofs, that translates into about R-30. A roof solar reflectance level of 0.60 with a thermal emittance of 0.90 was set. The savings generated from the pure science experiment for roofs with new insulation is shown below.





(ORNL Images)

Another activity taking place at ORNL is the high-performance moisture-managed envelope systems and the new research on a "Building Science Advisor" (BSA). The idea behind the Building Science Advisor is to provide a tool that helps the building designer assemble a structure that is air tight while avoiding the formation of a sick building along the way.

ORNL and the Building America team are developing an online decision-making tool to mitigate market uncertainty regarding the durability of high-performing building envelope systems.

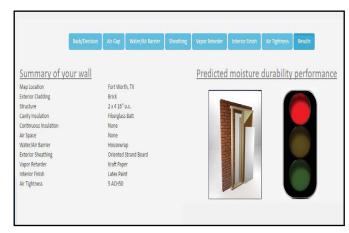
Using the BSA, subject matter experts input moisturedurable design guidelines based on field data and simulations. The simulations allow probabilistic wall assembly evaluations by considering all possible parameter variations. The BSA then analyzes the builders' proposed design to yield the most robust assembly.

The program asks the user for the location geography of the structure type of wall. The BSA tool results in a better informed decision regarding energy efficient and moisture durable building envelope solutions. The tool provides analysis for the wall assembly and gives suggestions about the wall components.



(ORNL Images)

As a result, the tool shows below through the 'red light', that this wall assembly is not engineered properly. It needs a 2" air space to perform properly and not have issues with moisture condensing in the wall cavity.



(ORNL Images)

The wall has absorptive cladding with no air gaps. To ensure moisture durability, add at least a 2" ventilation cavity between absorptive cladding and sheathing. Also consider using low perm sheathing or insulated sheathing.

A wall that has been properly engineered with respect to insulation, cladding, climate, air space and more will provide a 'green light' with the ORNL program tool. The values from these tools can provide guidance to the user on wall design. Wall designs have become much more critical as the drive to save energy builds tighter buildings.

CRCA appreciates Andre Desjarlais spending time with CRCA Members and friends at the 2017 CRCA Trade Show & Seminars.

Want more info on any of the ORNL Building Envelope Program projects? Visit www.ornl.gov/buildings.

This article was compiled by CRCA Staff from Andre Desjarlais' presentation at the 2017 CRCA Trade Show & Seminars. Desjarlais is Program Manager of the Building Envelope Systems Research at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, in eastern Tennessee.

1. NIST.gov, Energy and Environment Division, The Energy and Environment Division develops measurement science, predictive models, and performance metrics to improve the energy efficiency of building components and systems, reduce building related CO2 emissions, enhance the quality of the indoor environment, and improve the building design and construction process through the integration of information, communications, sensing, and automation technologies.



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CRCA Industry News

RCA Helps Save Illinois Roofing
Contractor Licensing in Illinois
CRCA and its members have promoted
legislation to recognize professionalism within
the roofing industry. A proposal was brought forward
in February to repeal the roofing industry licensing act.
Through CRCA Legislative Consultant Margaret Vaughn
and CRCA members' actions, CRCA helped prevent the
repeal of the Illinois Roofing Contractor Licensing Act as
proposed this spring.

CRCA Members along with Margaret Vaughn, CRCA's legislative consultant, attended a fundraiser for Senator Iris Martinez, IL Senate Licensing Chair, in March. Senator Martinez recognized CRCA members at the fundraiser and shared her negative experience with a contractor that was not licensed.



(CRCA Photo)

2017 CRCA Trade Show & Seminars

Thank you to everyone who attended, exhibited and sponsored the 2017 Trade Show & Seminars. This year's event was a great success with over 2,500 attendees and 135 exhibitors. CRCA's Roofing Industry Breakfast grew to over 375 and welcomed new NRCA CEO, former congressman, NRCA President, and past roofing contractor, Reed Ribble. Ribble presented introductory remarks about the future of the roofing industry both locally and nationally – and the effect that an industry can have speaking with one voice.

CRCA Chicagoland Women in Roofing Active

The CWIR Committee gives a big thank you to CRCA Member Manufacturers, Karnak and Hunter Panels, for the plant tours. In addition to plant tours, they packaged food for African Children through the "Feed My Starving Children" Charity, participated in a fundraising gala at WINGS, held roundtable discussions and had a booth in the lobby at the CRCA Trade Show & Seminars. They visited Bennett & Brosseau Roofing, Inc. to learn about various components of the roof system from CRCA President, George Patterson in April. This CRCA CWIR Committee continues to make a difference in the community and roofing industry. Interested in joining them? Contact Alyssa@crca.org, for more information.

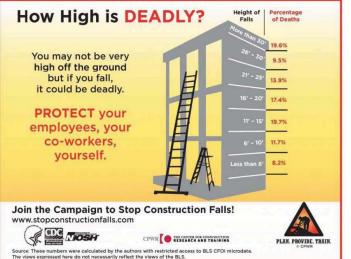
CRCA Emerging Leaders

The CRCA Emerging Leaders group had a great reception to kick of the New Year at Drury Lane Hilton Suites in January. At the March event, CRCA Member companies, Carlisle Waterproofing and Velux, sponsored the event and gave presentations to the group about what's new and coming in the roofing industry.

Visit www.CRCA.org to get a full calendar of all the Emerging Leaders upcoming events. All generations welcome! To get on the Emerging Leaders email list, contact alyssa@crca.org.

CRCA Membership Meeting – February, March, and April

CRCA's Industry Affairs Committee presented the 2015 International Energy Conservation Code and Chicago Code Memorandum to the 130+ members attending the February session. In March, Greg Scannell, from CRCA Member Firm Safety Check Inc., presented a Safety Update. Scannell's report included the Top 10 OSHA Citations issued by the three Chicago Area OSHA Offices as well as Milwaukee. For the 476 violations issued, Residential Construction Fall Protection was the most common cited, with over \$1,147,601 in penalties issued. He also cited an industry publication chart that reminded attendees that almost 20% of all fall fatalities occur from a height of less than 15 feet.



In March, Chris Thomas, from Ogletree Deakins provided I-9 Compliance Education for attendees, including who is required to complete the forms, how to address corrections and the frequent severe penalties for non-compliance.



(CRCA Photo)

New Form I-9 Required as of January 22, 2017

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) published a new Form I-9, Employment Eligibility, on Monday, November 14, 2016. The new Form I-9 had a revision date of 11/14/2016 and an expiration date of 08/31/2019. On January 22, 2017, use of the new Form I-9 became mandatory.

The new Form I-9 does present several important changes. For example, employees are only required to identify other last names used in Section 1, rather than all names used.

Also, below the employee's signature line, there is a checkbox for the employee to indicate whether a preparer and/or translator was used to complete Section 1.

Further, in Section 2, employers will find a new "Citizenship/Immigration Status" field in the first line with numbers one through four, which correlate to the employee's selected citizenship or immigration status entered in Section 1. For further information, see the article in the issue of *CRCA Today* or download Thomas' presentation as well as all CRCA Membership Meeting presentations in the Members Only section on www.crca.org. Not a member? Join CRCA for this and many other member benefits.



Michael Good

CRCA Scholarship Dinner

CRCA's Scholarship Committee receives applications for CRCA's Scholarships presented each year at the May CRCA Membership Meeting. Don't miss the presenter, Michael T. Good, a NASA Astronaut, brother of CRCA Member, Dave Good, (S.J. Mallein/Firestone Building Products).

IRE Sets Records

The International Roofing Expo (IRE), Las Vegas, attendance and booth count was very well attended this year. This year's educational sessions from NRCA's Mark Graham and SRI's Matt Dupuis, built upon programs presented at the CRCA Trade Show & Seminars this January. Don't miss 2018's IRE in New Orleans. Watch www.theRoofingExpo.com for details.

CRCA Thanks Legislators

CRCA's work at the State of Illinois Legislature does not come all by itself. CRCA thanks the many legislators who have helped build professionalism and protected roofing consumers in Illinois through the Illinois Roofing Contractor Licensing Act. The Hon. Dan Burke was recognized recently by CRCA's Industry Affairs Committee for his 20+ year's support of professionalism in roofing through this legislation. Thanks to Burke and many others who support CRCA.

CRCA Covers the State of Illinois

CRCA Leaders traveled to Springfield on April 4th, to provide an Illinois Roofing Symposium to Central Illinois Roofing Contractors, Architects and Code Officials. Presenters included Frank Marino, CSP (Safety Check, Inc.), Bill McHugh, CRCA Executive Director, Rod Petrick, CRCA Past President and member of the State of Illinois Licensing Board and Margaret Vaughn, IL Roofing Legislative Consultant. They spoke on Rooftop Safety, Energy Code and Licensing. These leaders also met with Illinois Legislators for a reception following the symposium, to create and continue dialogue on Illinois Roofing issues.

CRCA has worked on programs affecting the State of Illinois that benefits the whole state including the State of Illinois Energy Conservation Code, International Energy Conservation Code, and State of Illinois Roofing Contractor Licensing programs.

This year's program was quite successful with a great crowd for the education and legislative reception. Watch www.CRCA.org for more education sessions that benefit those involved in roofing in Illinois.

CRCA Industry Affairs Successful at the State of Illinois

"Roof Recover" and "Roof Replacement" are two terms defined in the building code that means extensive work on rooftops. "Roof Repair" is a repair for the purpose of a roof's maintenance. CRCA's Industry Affairs Committee, in conjunction with CRCA Lobbyist Margaret Vaughn and IL Representative Dan Burke, worked on key legislation that amends the Roofing Contractor Licensing Law. Rep. Burke was successful adding that Roof Repairs can be performed by the building owner's employees while Roof Recover and Roof Replacements are to be performed by Illinois Licensed Roofing Contractors. The bill will become law once Governor Rauner signs it, which usually occurs about 45 days after the passage of the bill. Representative Burke won support of both Democrats and Republicans on this key legislation.

CRCA Industry Affairs Meets with Chicago's DOB

CRCA's Industry Affairs leaders Tony Roque, Rod Petrick, George Patterson, and Bill McHugh visited with Department of Buildings (DOB) Commissioner Judy Frydland and staff at the City of Chicago recently. CRCA complimented Frydland on the Roofing Code Memorandum as cutting edge that the rest of the country should follow. Much discussion was held on the Crane Operator Regulations with further to be held. We at CRCA appreciate the relationship with the City's DOB leaders and staff.

ICC Board Verifies 2016 Group B Final Action **OGCV Process**

In accordance with Section 10.0 of Council Policy CP28 Code Development, the ICC Board of Directors has confirmed a valid 2016 Online Governmental Consensus Vote (OGCV) process as certified by the Validation Committee. The result of this is that the 2018 Versions of the International Family of Codes in 'Group B' will be published.

The Final Action on all 2016 Group B code change proposals, including the vote tallies from the OGCV, are now posted. All totaled, there were 577 code change proposals considered in the OGCV.

The 2016 OGCV concludes the 3rd full cycle of ICC's implementation of the cdpACCESS system. The 2016 OGCV resulted in significant increases in participation over the past two cycles (the OGCV debuted in 2014 with the Group C Cycle and the IgCC).

The following is a snapshot of the progress realized with cdpACCESS.

	2014	2015	2016
	IgCC only	Group A codes	Group B codes
Number of code changes	183	424	577
Number of voters	294	305	1247
Total number of votes cast	23,905	45,141	162,035
Max. vote cast per change	200	221	780
Min. vote cast per change	84	46	158
Max. vote cast per day	4600 (approx.)	8424	24,899
Votes cast during extended OGCV period (5 days)	NA	NA	23,836
Number PCH actions overturned	5 (2.7%)	48 (11.3%)	109 (18.9%)

(ICC Chart)

The Code Council would like to thank everyone who has participated and supported ICC's transition to the future of Codes and Standards development.

CRCA Note: All the roofing industry related changes that were successful at the Public Comment Hearings in October, 2016, that CRCA supported were overturned by the Online Governmental Consensus Vote (OGCV).

ICC Schedule for 2021 Code Development Cycle

With the posting of the Final Actions for the 2016 Group B Cycle resulting in the 2018 International Family of Codes, the 2018/2019 Code Development Schedule for the 2021 I-Codes is now available.

The new 2018 ICC Codes, including the International Energy Conservation Code, will be published in the Fall of 2017, according to ICC.

For roofing, R-Values seemed to stay the same as they did in the 2015 IECC. Check out CRCA's Trade Show Report in this issue. And, visit www.ICCSafe.org for info.

NFPA Standards Development Process

NFPA develops standards such as NFPA 101 through its Technical Committees. Interested in getting involved? Apply for an NFPA Technical Committee or Panel through NFPA's online Technical Committee area. Committee meetings are open to the public. NFPA develops and revises NFPA's codes and standards every three to five years. Visit www.NFPA.org for more info.

National Green Building Standard™ Update **Process Underway**

The 2018 National Green Building Standard (ICC/ ASHRAE-700) development process is now underway. The first meeting of the Consensus Committee will be held April 18-19, 2017, in Washington, D.C.

Want more info? Visit http://www.homeinnovation. com/about/news_and_events/home_innovation_ news/2017 0105 home innovation begins preparations_for_national_green_building_standard_ update to see the details.

U.S. District Court Ruling – Codes and Standards & Copyright Infringement

The United States District Court for the District of Columbia (Hon. Tanya S. Chutkan) granted a motion for summary judgment filed by a number of standard development organizations (SDOs), including the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), ASTM International and ASHRAE.

The court's ruling permanently enjoins Public.Resource. org from its previous systematic infringement of numerous SDO copyrighted codes and standards. The Public. Resource.org website took the codes and standards that are normally purchased and simply published them online, which is where the infringement took place.

The ruling vindicates the long-standing public-private partnership pursuant to which government entities may, if they choose, incorporate, by reference, high quality safety codes and standards.

The history of not-for-profit SDOs developing voluntary consensus standards goes back more than a century. SDOs, not resource-constrained governmental agencies, underwrite the substantial costs of developing standards.

SDOs pay for the standard development process and invest in new standards with the money earned selling and licensing their copyrighted works.

OSHA's Anti-Retaliatory Rule Became Effective on December 1, 2016

OSHA's electronic injury submission rule titled, "Tracking of Workplace Injuries and Illnesses," includes an antiretaliatory provision which was to become effective on August 1, 2016.

OSHA announced it would delay implementation of this portion of the rule until November 1, 2016, in order to allow it more time to conduct additional research and provide education to employers.

The new deadline was published by OSHA in response to a request from a federal judge who is presiding

over a lawsuit challenging the rule. Significantly, on November 28, 2016, the federal judge presiding over the lawsuit denied the request for the preliminary injunction. Consequently, the anti-retaliatory provisions of the new rule became effective on December 1, 2016.

Contractors should carefully review their policies concerning post-accident drug and alcohol testing policy and the reporting of accidents, as well as their safety incentive programs, to ensure compliance with the new rule.

Firestone Acquires Gaco

Firestone Building Products Company, LLC ("Firestone") announced that it has reached a definitive agreement to acquire Gaco Western ("Gaco"), a silicone roofing systems and provider of waterproofing and spray foam insulation solutions for a variety of commercial and residential applications.

The acquisition strengthens Firestone's industry leadership in commercial roofing and offers positions in residential and commercial building products.

Founded in 1955, Gaco is privately-owned and headquartered in Seattle, Wash. With brands including GacoFlex, GacoRoofFoam and GacoWallFoam, the Company produces silicone polyurethanes, epoxies and acrylic liquid coatings for roofs; decking and waterproofing products that protect pedestrian surfaces, concrete, metal and plywood; and open- and closed-cell foam products which protect and insulate buildings. All Gaco products are made at its manufacturing, research and development facility in Waukesha, WI.

For more information, visit www.firestonebpco.com.



Kathie Morgan (ASTM Photo)

New ASTM President

Katharine "Kathie" Morgan has begun serving as president of ASTM International. Morgan leads a team that supports thousands of members, customers, partners, and other stakeholders worldwide. She succeeds James A. Thomas, who served in the role for 25 years.

Morgan is a 33-year veteran of ASTM International. She served as executive vice president for the past two years. Prior to that, she was vice president of Technical Committee Operations.

Morgan is a board member of the American National Standards Institute's Board of Directors, the Council of Engineering and Scientific Executives, the International Consumer Product Health and Safety Organization, the Society for Standards Professionals (SES), the American

Society of Association Executives, and a former member of the Standards Council of Canada's Standards Development Organization Advisory Committee.

NEW ASTM Standard

A new ASTM International standard will help reduce the amount of used roofing materials that go to landfills. ASTM's Committee on Roofing and Waterproofing (D08) developed the standard, which is available as D8013-16, "Standard Guide for Establishing a Recycle Program for Roof Coverings Roofing Membrane and Shingle Materials".

According to ASTM member, Joseph Schwetz of Canton, MA, the new guide will help building owners who want to minimize their environmental impact by eliminating waste during roof replacement. The standard will help them and their contractors compare the costs for disposal versus recycling.

In addition, manufacturers will use the standard to determine whether recycled roofing materials could be a cost-effective ingredient in creating new roofing products. Visit www.ASTM.org to buy the new standard. 💒

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The Contractor Members of the Chicago Roofing Contractor Association install all types of roofs, including reflective single ply, modified bitumen, built up, gravel, reflective coatings, shingle, shake, slate and tile, vegetative garden or photovoltaic coverings. From formation following the Great Chicago Fire of 1871, CRCA Members have moved with the times and technology, yet continue to maintain some of the same goals set forth over 140 years ago. To find a CRCA Professional Contractor, visit www.CRCA.org.

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Adams Roofing	. (//3) 230-0330
•	(047) 0/47//0
Professionals, Inc.	. (847) 364-7663
Adler Roofing and Sheet	(015) 772 1200
Metal, Inc	. (013) //3-1200
Woodworking Inc	//20\ 221 7//2
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Aegis Construction Group, Inc	
Air Pressure Damp Proofing All American Exterior Solutions	
All Sealants, Inc.	
All Storm Solutions	
Allendorfer Roofing Co., Ltd	
Allied Waterproofing, Inc.	
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Anthony Roofing Tecta	(/20) 000 4444
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Armor Shield Construction Inc	
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Bennett & Brosseau	(/20) 750 0000
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Biofoam Inc.	
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Services LLC	
	(708) 596-9600
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	. (630) 932-7890
Countryside Roofing, Siding &	(0.47) 001 5 (00
Windows, Inc.	. (84/) 221-5600

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Metal & HVAC		
Czar Renovations Inc.		
DCG Roofing Solutions Inc.	(847)	296-6611
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Corporation		
Distinctive Roofing, Inc.		
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Dunne Roofing Company		
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F&G Roofing Company, LLC		
F. E. Rooftec Corporation		
Feze Roofing, Inc.		
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Funderburk Roofing, Inc Galewood Tuckpointing &	(000)	022-4100
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J. P. Larsen, Inc.		
Jones & Cleary Roofing /	(, 00)	2707002
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Paving Co., Inc.	(708)	339-7260
Knorr & Myers Roofing Co		
Korellis Roofing, Inc		
Kreiling Roofing	(309)	673-3649
Kremer & Davis, Inc.	(630)	699-5997
L. Marshall Roofing &		
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Pine Waterproofing & Sealants (847) 678-57	00
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Roofing, Inc (708) 422-26	24
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R. Commercial Roofing Solutions (847) 995-05.	55
Raincoat Roofing Systems, Inc (708) 681-57	57
G.E. Riddiford Company (847) 437-57	71
Ridgeworth Roofing Co., Inc (708) 598-00	39
Roofing Systems, Inc (815) 654-95	40
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Sager Sealant Corporation(708) 354-93	
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The Associate Members of the Chicago Roofing Contractors Association are a vital part of the association and actively support the activities. Besides their generosity, they are represented on the CRCA Board of Directors, Co-Chair the Membership and Trade Show Committees and serve on the Health & Safety, Contracts & Insurance, Industry Affairs, Program and Scholarship Committees.

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ADVANCED Polymer Technology	
Corporation	(724) 452-1330
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Chicago/Pulaski	
Oak Forest	
Tri-State Wholesale HH	
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Bitumar Inc.	
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Carlisle SynTec	(800)	479-6832
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Cedar Shake & Shingle Bureau	(604)	820-7700
Certainteed Roofing Products	(630)	383-6741
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Fabrication		
Chicagoland Roofing Supply, LLC		
Chris Architectural Metals		
Classic Gutter Systems LLC	(269)	665-2700
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Systems		
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Columbia Green Technologies	(503)	964-3218
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Comstruct Sales, LLC		
Connor & Gallagher Once Source		
Cordeck		
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D-MAC Industries		
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DECRA Roofing Systems(800)		
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(Chicago) Eagleview-Pictometry(866) 6		
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EcoStar LLC		
Emergent Safety Supply		
Epilay Inc		
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Everest Systems	(/63)	ააა-4839

Everroof Products		
FCS Control (DBA Encite Develop	ment G	roup)
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FlashCo Manufacturing Inc	. (707)	824-5858
leetMatics	. (866)	844-2235
Franklin International/Titebond	. (614)	445-1855
Gaco Western		
GAF Materials Corporation	. (630)	296-1969
arlock Chicago	. (630)	521-9645
Garth Building Products &		
Services Corp	. (708)	757-6733
GCP Applied Technologies	. (617)	498-4470
Gemco Roofing & Building Supply		
Geocel / Kool Seal	. (800)	348-7615
Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC	. (404)	652-2592
iuffre Brothers Cranes	. (708)	656-9200
iulfeagle Supply	. (630)	773-0997
-lapco Inc		
lart & Cooley Roof Product Syst		
Plus, RPS & Milcor		
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KO		
Illinois Custom Copper Install Cop		
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Detection, LLC (866)		
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Lakeshore Recycling Systems	(773)	681-8811
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Midwest Diversified Products Inc.	(815)	520-3004
Midwest Roofing Supply		
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Schaumburg	(847)	241-2000

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Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc (815) 641-8548
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NordBitumi / Nordtec(678) 489-4762
North Coast Roofing Systems
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Glendale Heights(630) 790-3400
Novagard Solutions (800) 380-0138
NPC Colored Sealants (708) 681-1040
OMG Roofing Products (800) 633-3800
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RainTrade Corporation (847) 283-0006

Raisman Catastrophe Claims	
Group (888) 556-HAIL (4245	5)
Richards Building Supply Company	
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Company-Corporate(773) 586-777	7
Joliet(815) 725-245	8
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Royal Adhesives & Sealants (630) 465-198	
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Building Technology	
Consultants, Inc.	(847) 454-8800
Century Roof Consultants	(847) 202-8500
Flood Testing Labs, Inc	(773) 721-2200
Hutchinson Design Group	(312) 343-9595
Illinois Roof Consulting	
Associates Inc	(815) 385-6560
Interstate Roof Systems	
Consultants, Inc	(847) 695-1460
K2N Crest	(630) 990-9595
Kellermeyer Godfryt Hart, P.C	(847) 318-0033
Klein and Hoffman, Inc	(312) 251-1979
Legat Architects	(630) 645-1906
Raths, Raths and Johnson, Inc	: (630) 325-6160
STR Building Resources LLC	(847) 952-9668
Vacuuming	
 Dietz Vacuum Service, Inc	(708) 301-9127
Ready Vac, Inc	(847) 437-5771
RK Hydro-Vac, Inc	(800) 754-9376
Vac-It-All Services, Inc	
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May 4

Industry Calendar

CRCA's CWIR Anniversary Celebration Crazy Pour Villa Park, IL

May 16*

CRCÁ Scholarship Dinner Maggianno's Little Italy Oak Brook, IL

May 19

CAC-RCI Spring Meeting/Program Glen Ellyn, IL www.cac-rci.org

July 13*

CRCA Industry Day Golf Outing Silver Lake CC Orland Park, IL

August 12*

CRCA at Kane County Cougars Fifth Third Ballpark Geneva, IL

September 12*

CRCA Membership Meeting Schaumburg, IL

October 3

ALA – Association of Licensed Architects Trade Show & Education Drury Lane, Oakbrook Terrace, IL www.LicensedArchitect.org

October 19

CRCA's Emerging Leaders Event Topgolf Naperville, IL

November 14*

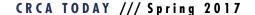
CRCA Membership Meeting Oak Brook, IL

Dec. 2*

CRCA Annual Awards Dinner Location TBD

*CRCA Members only and their guests.

Not a CRCA Member? Visit www.CRCA. org for membership information. v





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